

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

**Hon. D. M. Jones, of Vermilion,** was stopping in the city last night. He goes to Indianapolis this morning to obtain commissions for the officers of the "Tigers."

"Our Police Court report will show that Mayor Stewart and the Police officers are determined to rid the city of certain bad characters that will edit the Journal?" If they do who will edit the Journal?

"We would hardly venture to say a thing knowing it to be untrue."—Journal. You write a great many things of that sort.

The Journal says that it meant just what it said, when it charged that those who voted for Messrs. FARRINGTON and TUTTLE were not true Union men. Does it think that to be a true Union man, one must be in favor of letting the rebels alone so that we may have two Unions?

The Vincennes Sun and a few othercession papers, thinking to deceive the public, denounce the Cincinnati Press as a Republican paper. The Sun knows, or ought to know, that the Press never was a Republican paper. But men who sympathize with Jeff Davis' kingdom can't be expected to tell the truth.

MILLIKEN.—Mrs. Walter invites the ladies of the city and vicinity to call to-day at her store on Walnut street, and examine the richest and handsomest stock of goods ever brought this market. We have been there, and we are free to confess we never saw anything half so handsome. No lady should fail to call to-day.

ANTONIO BROTHERS CIRCUS.—Next Saturday will be a day of delight to the juveniles of the region round about. Antonio Brothers' circus will be here and everybody will attend, taking with him his wife and babies. The children are already wearing a new smile on their happy faces, for they all remember—that are not too young—Antonio Brothers' circus as the best in the world. Don't forget it is on Saturday the 12th inst.

THE GALLANT FOURTEENTH.—The correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, writing from the scene of the late battle near Green-brier, pays a high compliment to the 14th Indiana Regiment, the officers of which he styles "The gallant Kimball, the dashing Harrow and the enthusiastic Blinn."

From the same source we are gratified to learn that Capt. Foote's wound was not serious, being in the arm by a grape shot. J. Urner Price was wounded in the thigh and suffered amputation. It is supposed he will recover.

MORE TROOPS.—The sound of the fife and drum yesterday afternoon, aroused our city from its quiet and drew many of our citizens to their doors to witness a military company marching in wagons through our streets.—The company is from Newport, Vermilion county, and is under command of Capt. Hall, who, from a brief interview, we are led to believe, will make an excellent officer. The company is composed of excellent material, and numbers about eighty-six members. It will, however, be filled up within a few days. It is called the "Vermilion County Tigers."

KENTUCKIANS RETURNING TO KENTUCKY.—We take great pleasure in announcing that Dr. Wm. M. Chambers, of Charleston, Ill., a native Kentuckian, who passed through our city last evening on his way home from Washington, is authorized to raise four regiments of native born Kentuckians, now residing in Illinois, to serve three years or during the war. As the several regimental organizations are filled they will be sent to our State for service. Dr. Chambers says he will send a regiment every ten days, and he is a man who always does decidedly more than he promises.—*Low Jan.*

RESIDING BEING ONE OF THE MOST GALLANT and polished gentlemen with whom we are acquainted, Dr. Chambers is one of the most skillful and accomplished surgeons the profession can boast of. We wish him infinite success.

SULLIVAN AND MEROM HACK LINE.—We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. W. S. Griffith, who is running a Hack and private mail line, from Sullivan to Merom. This is a private arrangement, gotten up by the citizens of Merom, in order to accommodate the citizens with the latest news. We have been sending a large number of the Daily Express to Merom, and when the former contract expired, and the Express failed to arrive, the citizens felt the want of news to such an extent, that in less than twenty-four hours the amount necessary was raised to make a new contract, and yesterday we received a renewal of the old list, with several new names added. Any of our citizens visiting Merom will find this a convenient mode of transit from the railroad at Sullivan, and will find Mr. Griffith a very accommodating gentleman.

"It matters very little, so far as the facts are concerned, what you believe."—Journal. It matters very little, so far as the facts are concerned, what you say.

Forty-third Regiment.—Col. Steele arrived at Camp Vigo, yesterday, and assumed command of the 43d Regiment. Among his first acts was the appointment of the following officers:

Milton Cooper, of Putnam county, Adjutant. George McDonald, of Montezuma, Sutter. Andrew J. Darnell, of Putnam, Sergeant Major. The change in the Sutters has caused much feeling in this city. As we have heard no explanation of the affair we, of course, refrain from any strictures on the subject.

A Card.—The undersigned proposes to give instruction to a limited number of pupils, in the Latin and Greek languages; Algebra, Geometry, &c., with the higher branches of English, such as may be desired.

The lessons will commence on Monday 14th October, instant, at the room over Minshall's clothing Store, Main Street.—Terms made known on application to L. F. LEAKE.

October 7, 1861, d.w.  
HATS! HATS!—T. H. Lowrey—who is a practical hatter and successor to Joseph C. Yates, corner of Fifth and Wabash Street, has received his Fall style of blocks and hats now on hand and is manufacturing to order the handsomest style of Fall and Winter Hats at prices ranging from two dollars up to \$10.

Recruits for the Forty-Third Regiment.—Able bodied young men wanted to fill up this Regiment, now quartered at Camp Vigo. Apply soon. WM. E. McLEAN, Lieutenant Colonel Commanding.

ROOTS AND SHOES.—THE PLACE TO BUY BOOTS AND SHOES CHEAP.—RADDIN & BROTHERS, No. 14, Main St., under the National House.

As we manufacture our Eastern work, we can and will sell goods at lower prices than can be bought at any other house in the trade. Persons wishing to buy at wholesale will find it to their advantage to buy of us, as we sell at the lowest Eastern prices. No. 14, Main Street, Terre Haute, Ind. Factory near Sangus Bridge, Lynn, Mass. Custom work and repairing done to order. S.B. & Wm.

WANTED.—BARTLETT'S 50,000 lbs. Cotton Rags, in exchange for Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods. Oct. 10, 1861.

WANTED.—At Headquarters, FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS SALESMAN, one who speaks English and German fluently. EDWARDS, McGUIRE & CO., 180 N. 3d St.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR September, at W. H. BUCKINGHAM'S. Dickens' New Novel! GREAT EXPECTATIONS: Complete in one volume, at BUCKINGHAM'S BOOK STORE. MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR, including Eastern Virginia, and part of Maryland and Delaware, from the best authorities. W. H. BUCKINGHAM'S.

A NEW SUPPLY OF HARPER'S LIGHT IN-CASTY TACITUS, Scott's Infantry Tactics, and other military publications. BUCKINGHAM'S BOOK STORE, 180 N. 3d St.

FOR RENT.—THE FINE NEW STORE ROOM No. 14, Corner Wabash and Fifth Streets, Terre Haute, Indiana. Enquire of JOHN H. BARR.

TWO COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSES near Sullivan's residence on Sixth street, Enquire of M. W. SRIAM.

ONE of my brick dwellings, on Ohio street, where I do, will be let about the 15th inst. Any one wishing a convenient dwelling, will take notice. No. 14, Ohio street. O. W. PATRICK, 180 N. 3d St.

THESE large and convenient dwellings lately occupied by Mrs. Greenman, situated on Ohio street, between 3d and 4th streets. The store house lately occupied by R. E. Cox, on Main street, between 3d and 4th. Terms reasonable. Apply to J. H. BLAKE, 180 N. 3d St.

PERSONAL.—OFFER FOR THE WAR!—All persons indebted to the undersigned, are requested to pay immediately and settle, as I shall leave in a very few days. After which their accounts will be put into other hands for collection. Counsel your interest. Sept. 13, d.w. S. B. SMITH, Dentist.

NOTICE.—Dr. J. C. Thompson has placed in his hands his notes, and accounts for collection. They must be settled either by payment or note at once, in order to save time. Call soon. O. W. PATRICK, 180 N. 3d St.

NOTICE.—Persons having business with S. W. & Co. will call on the undersigned at the Hardware Store of Wm. A. Giddens, 180 N. 3d St.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

DISPATCHES BY THE WESTERN UNION LINE.

### Noon Dispatches.

No Rebel Detachment Sent West from the Potomac.—Disloyal Sentiment in Lower Maryland.—Col. Blair's Letter to the President.—Another Arrival from Richmond.—Northern Traitors at Richmond.—Communications and Contraband Trade.—Internal Machinery.—More Testimony of Rebel Barbarity to Federal Prisoners.—The Rebel Cause.—Scarcity of Provisions and Medicines.—Davis in Feeble Health.—The Potomac In Flood.—The Charges against Fremont.—Expedition into Maryland county, Maryland.

SPECIAL TO TRIBUNE.—WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The report of a large rebel force dispatched from the Potomac army westward is unfounded. Detachments from the Sickles' Brigade which have been securing lower Maryland, report the dominant sentiment as violently rebellious. Not more than three Union flags were seen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The report of a large rebel force dispatched from the Potomac army westward is unfounded. Detachments from the Sickles' Brigade which have been securing lower Maryland, report the dominant sentiment as violently rebellious. Not more than three Union flags were seen.

C. W. Cole, type founder, formerly of Brooklyn, but lately of Richmond, left the latter city two weeks since, under Jeff Davis' proclamation ordering foreigners, and has arrived here.

He left seven thousand troops in Richmond, but only three hundred in the city. Three or four hundred negroes were building numerous forts.

Twenty-one hospitals were full. On a Florida regiment eleven hundred strong, on a third hundred and twenty answered at roll call.

There are regular mails to and from Baltimore, New York and other places north.

Three hundred pounds of agate type had just arrived from the north, and passed as stereotype plates from the Methodist Book Concern.

John H. Lester, a native of Connecticut, and recently a citizen of Brooklyn, one Sloat, and other northerners, were engaged in altering four hundred muskets a week, and manufacturing sewing machines.

A number of infernal machines had been placed in the James river. There is a complete manufacturing center in Richmond.

James E. Street is here, and is associated with the superior court of Nebraska.

Dr. Hamilton and Swalm, of the 14th Kentucky regiment, were taken prisoners at Bull's Run, arrived here this evening via Fort Monroe, from Richmond.

They were released on parole and came with the seventeen wounded prisoners.

They gave a most deplorable account of the conduct of the rebels, and the manner they have been treated by the rebels. According to their account our prisoners have suffered the torments of the damned, and the wonder is that any of them are now alive.

It is now ascertained that the rebels have seven wounded whom they released, were cured by the rebel doctors could not cure, therefore were permitted to return home.

The rebel government had learned something regarding the probable expedition South, which produced the greatest excitement throughout the Gulf and Cotton States.

It was believed that vast numbers of the troops in Virginia would be called to their respective States where attacks were apprehended.

There was a great scarcity of provisions and also of medicines. Our wounded frequently had to go without either of these necessities. Tea, coffee and sugar were almost impossible to procure for love or money.

The question of a successor to Jeff. Davis was being agitated throughout the South, and the general belief was that Alex. H. Stephens would be agreed upon.

The feeble state of Davis' health was used as an argument against him. In the event, however, of a permanent restoration of his health, it is the intention of the rebel government to make him a Lieutenant General.

The heavy rains of the last twenty-four hours have swollen the river to such an extent as to preclude its passage by the rebel army. It can now be crossed only by bridges, all of which are in possession of the Federal army.

The official record of charges against Fremont have not yet reached headquarters, and the case remains in statu quo.

On Saturday last, by order of Commander Craven, Lieut. Cash, U. S. N., with a detachment of ten men, accompanied by two detectives officers, proceeded to St. Mary's river on the Jacob Bell, and on Sunday arrested John Thomas Trevelick, of St. Mary's county, who was charged with aiding the transportation of men and provisions from the secessionists in Maryland to the rebels in Virginia.

While on the expedition a land mine was made at Great Mills, seven miles from Piney Point and fifteen miles from Leonardtown, a rendezvous of St. Mary's rebels.

The mails were seized at the mail arrived from Baltimore, and Postmaster stated that there were a number of letters in the mail from Virginia.

The party arrived here to-night. Coming up the river this morning. No signs of rebels in camp or batteries were discovered at Mathias Point, at Evansport, or at the mouth of the Quantico.

Camp fires of the rebels were seen three miles along shore.

Another Brilliant Attack at Hatteras Inlet.—The Monticello and Other vessels pay tribute to the Confederate army. Traitors.—Rebel Loss from Two to Three Hundred.—Federal Loss Fifty-Five More Expected.

FR. MONROE, Oct. 8.—The frigate Susquehanna has arrived from Hatteras Inlet and brings most interesting intelligence.

The day after the capture of the propeller Fanny by the rebels, the steamers Ceras and Putnam having one of launches of the Susquehanna in tow, went up the Chesapeake and landed seven days provisions, returning the same evening without having seen anything of the rebels. On Friday, however, word reached Hatteras Inlet by the steamer Stars and Stripes, that twenty-five hundred rebels, consisting of a Georgia, South Carolina and Virginia regiments, had come over from the main land in six small steamers and schooners and flat boats, and attacked the 20th Indiana regiment, who were obliged to retreat.

During the engagement a member of the Indiana regiment who had been taken prisoner, managed to escape. He took to the surf and was picked up by a boat from the Monticello. He reports the first shell from the Monticello killed Col. Bartow, of the Georgia regiment, and that the hoar was frightful.

He also reports that when he escaped, he killed a Confederate captain with his revolver. Upon the withdrawal of the Confederates the Monticello and Susquehanna, and the land forces returned to Hatteras Inlet.

Lieutenant Kirkland, from whom I have obtained the above account, thinks that no advance can be made from the Inlet, without the support of a fleet of light draught vessels.

He also thinks that our forces at the Inlet should be speedily increased.

The Spaulding arrived at the Inlet on the 7th instant, with Gen. Mansfield, and landed his men and stores.

Trapped and cannot be achieved to Lieut. Brain for this brilliant achievement, which has caused great exultation at Old Point.

Col. Brown narrowly escaped with the 20th Indiana regiment. He was sheltered from the Confederate vessels, and troops were landed both above and below him, yet he managed to escape with comparatively small loss. The particulars of his masterly movement have not arrived.

Another Small Force taken by a large one in Missouri.—Reinforcements Sent too late as usual.—Whereabouts of Price.—Rebel Movements.—Lane and Sturgis to Join Sigel.

JEFFERSON CITY, Oct. 8.—Col. Matthews telegraphed that Gamble, a member from Harman, that he had been compelled to surrender his camp, with three pieces of cannon, to a superior force. Col. Matthews camp was twenty miles from Harman, and is said to have contained about four hundred home guards.

The rebels numbered some two thousand, and their design is to burn the Gasconade bridge, in that vicinity.

Reinforcements have been sent both to Harman and the bridge.

On hearing of the approach of this force our troops at the bridge began erecting palisades for its defence.

Price's army was on Grand River in Henry county at last accounts, on Wednesday last, marching southward.

A rebel named Widemeyer, is raising a regiment at Osceola for the purpose of making a foray into Kansas.

On hearing of the neighborhood of Lexington, that any section of the Legislature was held there.

Efforts are being made here to organize a company of Missouri rangers, to carry on a guerrilla warfare after the manner of the rebels.

Generals Sturgis and Lane are understood to have received orders to march from Kansas city, and join Gen. Sigel at Sedalia.

A regiment sent out a detachment of three hundred men on Sunday last to cut off a rebel supply train.

La Mountain with his Balloon.—New York, Oct. 9.—The Balloon which was seen over Washington a few days ago, proved to be La Mountain, which safely landed in Maryland. It appears that after raising it to a certain height, the balloon, the height of three miles, obtaining a complete view of the rebel encampments, which important news he has communicated to the war department.

News from the South.—The Privateer Sumter—Union Men Refractory in Tennessee—Terror at New Orleans.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 9.—The Richmond Examiner, of the 28th, says: The privateer Sumter, captured at Trinidad on the 14th.

The Nashville Union and American, of 21, says two gentlemen arrived from Tennessee, who report that the Union men there were very refractory; that they have killed four or five Southern men and the county Sheriff.

Jeff. Davis had not returned to Richmond on the 3d inst.

The steamer Curlew, with wheat and tobacco, ran into a sunken flat boat on Saturday and sunk. Loss \$5,000. Uninsured.

The New Orleans Picayune says the city authorities to put every vessel in the harbor under guard, and extend the chain of forts to the Balize, and say the taking of Washington or occupation of Maryland is of no consequence compared with the loss of New Orleans and security of the cotton crop.

The Marlboro (Md.) Gazette says the tobacco crop is materially injured by the rains. Louisville is quiet.

A Dogberry at Washington.—Selling his wares, giving away whisky.—Returning a Fugitive Slave.

SPECIAL TO COMMERCIAL.—WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Justice Johnson decided, yesterday, under the act of Congress forbidding the sale of liquors to soldiers, that it is illegal to give to a soldier, by the sale of liquor, the right to the exercise of the right of the Government not to submit to it. If this local magistrate continues to hamper the Government with this absurd decision, Gen. McClellan will be obliged to take martial law to both liquor sellers and justice.

A slave was restored to his master yesterday by a Pennsylvania regiment. A file of soldiers escorted the pained contraband two miles beyond our lines.

Rev. Father Weyler, of the Gonzaga College, a Catholic institution, has been chosen Chaplain of the Sickles brigade.

Policy of the Government relative to Foreigners in the Military Service.—The Captain of the Fleet.—Letter of the Secretary of the Navy.—Washington, Oct. 9.—The policy of the Government in regard to employing foreigners in the military service as follows. The statement is made on good authority. First, no one has been authorized to enlist or raise troops in Canada, as has been affirmed to be understood there.

Second, no persons have been offered or other overtures made to military men in France, or other European states as has been assumed there.

Third, the Government has not tendered the command of Gen. Garibaldi, as has been represented in Europe.

What is true, is first, that every foreigner who has come to our aid, under creditable and offered his services to the Government in support of the Union, has been accepted, and no other is in the military employment of the United States.

Second, Gen. Garibaldi, being a naturalized citizen of the United States was reported to the Government by one of our consuls, that the General was contemplating a visit to this country, and that he had intimated continually a disposition to engage in the service of the United States. He was informed that if this was so, his services would be accepted with pleasure, and he would receive a commission as Major General, that being the same rank as was conferred on Lafayette, in the war of the revolution.

Gen. Garibaldi, upon consideration of this subject, has concluded not to offer his services at present, but thinks he may be and by visit the United States.

Hon. J. F. Potter Chairman of the Investigating Committee of the House, on the 8th inst. called the attention of the Navy Department to a statement in the newspapers, that Capt. J. H. Morrison, of the steamer Fanny, which was captured by the rebels off Cape Hatteras, was imprisoned at Fort Monroe, for refusing to take the oath of allegiance, and enquire if the statement is true in whole or in part. The Department to-day reported as follows.

SIR:—Your letter of the 8th inst. relative to the newspaper reports concerning the Master of the steamer Fanny has been received. The steamer captured was not at the time of her capture in the service of this department, and has never been employed by it, and the same may be said of her Captain.

This department has no knowledge of him whatever, and I have no reason to suppose that at the time of the capture of the Fanny a single person in any way connected with the Navy was on board of her.

Very respectfully yours, &c. GIBSON WELLES.

The Hatteras Inlet Affair.—WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The Navy Department has received official accounts of the affair near Hatteras Inlet, from the commander of the Susquehanna and Monticello.

No mention of the destruction of rebel steamers or disabling of the Fanny is made as was reported by the New York Herald's correspondent.

Two boats full of troops, going from shore to the rebel steamer were struck with shells and destroyed.

The commander of the Monticello, Lieut. Bran thinks one shot struck the Fanny.

The name of the soldier who escaped after killing a rebel captain, was Warren C. Haver, Co. H, 20th Indiana regiment.

Another private, Chas. White, of the same company, was drowned in the sea.

Haver states that two of our shells fell into two vessels loaded with men, blowing the vessels to pieces.

The slaughter among the rebels was great, and a number of officers killed.

When the Monticello ceased firing the rebels were scattered for four miles along the beach.

Six rebel steamers were one time off the point, their shot falling here.

Return of Dr. Hays of the Arctic Expedition.—HELIX, Oct. 9.—Dr. Hays of the Polar expedition, arrived here this morning, in the United States.

The party are well. Two have died, namely, Augustus Sontag, the astronomer and Gibson Caruthers.

Dr. Hays reached Smith's straits on Aug. 20th last year, but could not penetrate the straits with his vessel, until last season of this. He wintered at Port Fouke, near Alexander, and with dogs and sleds reached latitude 81.34 on May 15 of this year.

Fight Expected at Paducah.—Preparations to Receive the Rebels.—Women and Children sent Away.—Proclamation of Gen. McClellan.

SPECIAL TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.—CAIRO, Oct. 9.—Advices from Paducah represent that the troops are preparing for the reception of the rebels, who in heavy force are said to be advancing against that place. The women and children are being sent away and everything indicates the approaching struggle.

Gen. McClellan will issue, to-morrow, a proclamation closing all drinking and gambling houses in Cairo.

Federal Troops take Possession of LEWISVILLE.—WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—At six this morning Division Gen. Smith, at Chain Bridge, advanced and took position near Lewisville, after waiting three hours inviting an attack, our skirmishers advanced and took possession of Lewisville, the rebels retreating.

Result of the late action at Hatteras Inlet.—NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—A special to the Herald, dated Ft. Monroe Oct. 8, says the frigate Susquehanna, brings intelligence that the gunboat Monticello and the Susquehanna destroyed a rebel gunboat, two transports, and damaged the Fanny beyond repair in the late action.

Another Steamer for Government.—NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The S. S. Erickson has been chartered by the government and will load with horses. She has steam on awaiting orders.

Seizure of a Vessel.—BOSTON, Oct. 9.—The bark TEXAS Star was seized to-day, charged with running the blockade both ways, taking powder to Galveston and cotton to Liverpool.

Ohio Election.—ATHENS, O., Oct. 9.—Gallia county gives Tod about 500 majority and about 700 majority for Nash.

CLAVES, O., Oct. 9.—Returns very backward. Twenty counties give Tod (Union) for Governor, 12,000 maj.

CINCINNATI MARKET.—CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.—The supply of flour is light, and the demand firm; the city trade good at full prices, sup \$4.00@4.10; for extra and family \$4.15 @4.25, and fancy \$4.30@4.50. Not much wheat is offering and the market very firm at 80@90c for choice red and white. Corn advanced to 30c. Oats 27c, closing buoyant, and good demand. Whisky sold at 14c. No change in provisions. 500 lbs mess pork at \$13.00, and 200 tierces butchers now selling at 6c, buyers furnishing packages. Groceries unchanged and firm with good jobbing demand. Exchange steady at 1/4c premium.

CLOTHING.—Minshall & Paddock HAVE RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF YOUNG SUPERFINE. No Plus Ultra. SHIRTS! AND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF Summer Underwear. OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING EXTRA LARGE SIZED MERINO. Undershirts & Drawers, FOR LARGE SIZED MEN! Also, a Superior Article of Leather Faced Driving Gloves! We have also on hand, at all times, a FUL ASSORTMENT. FRENCH BROAD CLOTHS, DRESS SUITS, SUMMER CASSIMERES, LINENS, MELTONS, MARSEILLES CASSIMERES, &c. Which we are prepared to make up to order, in the most elegant manner.

Minshall & Paddock. No. 14 Wabash Street. St. Nicholas Hotel, Broadway, New York. Board Reduced to \$2 per day! Since the opening of this vast and commodious Hotel, in 1861, it has been the single rendezvous of the proprietors to make it the most sumptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the citizen and stranger on this side the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have endeavored, without regard to cost, to provide, and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment, which modern architecture, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been appreciated.

To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are required to practice the most rigid economy, the undersigned, Have Reduced the Price of Board to TWO DOLLARS PER DAY. at the same time abating none of the luxuries with which their table has hitherto been supplied.

TREATWELL, WHITEWELL & CO. New York, Sept. 2, 1861. 3 mo.

BATES HOUSE. Wm. Judson, Proprietor. Corner of Illinois and Washington Sts., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

TERRE-HAUTE HOUSE. Corner Wabash and Seventh Sts., TERRE-HAUTE, INDIANA. (FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE PRAIRIE HOUSE.) THIS IS ONE OF THE LARGEST, BEST ARRANGED, and most comfortable Hotels in any city in this country. It contains one hundred and twenty pleasant, well ventilated, and fully furnished Lodging Rooms, several of them with Private Apartments, for the accommodation of families. It is situated in the most pleasant part of the city, and convenient to the Railroad Depot.

600 Omnibus Pass to and from the House. ma3m3m BEHN, REUBEN.

LEGAL.—STATE OF INDIANA, VIGO COUNTY, SS.—No. 1 is hereby given, that Alexander B. Crane, administrator of the estate of Ezra W. Bull, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the deceased, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and that said petition, with the return thereon, was read by the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

JOSEPH B. BLAKE, Clerk. Sept. 4, 1861.

WOOD! WOOD! BY order of the Board of School Trustees, I am authorized to receive sealed proposals for the delivery of six cords of good seasoned hemlock, or yellow pine, four feet long, to be delivered at one o'clock, on Monday, the 11th day of the first day of November next.

Proposals will be received at the River Gravel and Sand Yard, at the corner of the street to be split wood, no bids will be received.

JOHN REINHARD, Secy. Sept. 4, 1861.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is so simple in its nature, and so safe in its operation, that it is a household remedy for all the female constitution. It is so simple in its nature, and so safe in its operation, that it is a household remedy for all the female constitution. It is so simple in its nature, and so safe in its operation, that it is a household remedy for all the female constitution.

It is a particularly useful remedy in all cases of irregularity of the monthly period, and in all cases of irregularity of the monthly period, and in all cases of irregularity of the monthly period.

Each bottle, price one dollar, bears the Royal Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are liable to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affection, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Headaches and Whites, these Pills will afford a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, yet it contains no opium, calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each box, which should be carefully preserved. Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOSEPH MOSES, Late L. C. Redden & Co., N. H. 41-43 and 45-47, 49 and 51, Broadway, N. Y.

An authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing Pills by return mail. Sold by R. Cunningham and P. M. Donnelly, Terre-Haute, and all good Druggists.

JOSEPH B. BLAKE, Clerk. Sept. 4, 1861.

WOOD! WOOD! BY order of the Board of School Trustees, I am authorized to receive sealed proposals for the delivery of six cords of good seasoned hemlock, or yellow pine, four feet long, to be delivered at one o'clock, on Monday, the 11th day of the first day of November next.

Proposals will be received at the River Gravel and Sand Yard, at the corner of the street to be split wood, no bids will be received.

JOHN REINHARD, Secy. Sept. 4, 1861.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is so simple in its nature, and so safe in its operation,